

Your Friend SERVAUTH or How To Protect Your IP Stack

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- All products, trademarks, and information mentioned are the property of the respective vendors.
- Mention of a product does not imply a recommendation.
- Always test new profiles on a non-production system. Only you can prevent IPLs.

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Agenda

- SERVAUTH Info
- z/OS 1.10 SERVAUTH Profile list (44!)
- Details for a select few profiles
 - Stack, Network, Port Access
 - NETSTAT
 - MODDVIPA
 - SOCKOPT
- Questions

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SERVAUTH Intro

- TCP/IPish equivalent of the FACILITY class
 - Protects a myriad of things IP
 - Spans IBM products
 - Profile HLQ is IBM component prefix
 - EZA DCAS
 - EZB Most Communication Server components
 - IRR RACF
 - IST VTAM
 - New profile formats added each release
 - 42 at z/OS 1.9, 44 at z/OS 1.10 ...

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SERVAUTH Intro

- Common SERVAUTH-isms
 - Many profiles contain qualifiers with
 - sysname* SMFID (SYSID) of the LPAR
 - tcpname* Jobname of the TCP/IP stack
 - ftpdaemonname* Jobname of FTP daemon
 - Standard use of generics
 - Replace above with "*" as appropriate
 - You may have one or more TCP/IP stacks
 - Determined by your network system programmers

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SERVAUTH Profiles

- z/OS 1.10 profile list is on the next few slides
 - Profiles in **bold** are covered in this presentation
 - Due to time considerations only a few key profile types are covered
 - Please review the whole profile list prior to implementation to determine which profiles are appropriate or most beneficial to your own environment

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z/OS 1.10 SERVAUTH Profiles (1)

```

EZA. DCAS. sysname
EZB. BI NDDVI PARANGE. sysname. tcpname
EZB. CI MPROV. sysname. tcpname
EZB. FRCAACCESS. sysname. tcpname

• EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. ACCESS. HFS
EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. PORTxxxxx
• EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. SI TE. DEBUG
• EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. SI TE. DUMP

EZB. INI TSTACK. sysname. tcpname
EZB. IPSECCMD. sysname. DMD_GLOBAL. command_type
EZB. IPSECCMD. sysname. tcpname. command_type
    
```

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z/OS 1.10 SERVAUTH Profiles (2)

```

• EZB. MODDVI PA. sysname. tcpname
• EZB. NETACCESS. sysname. tcpname. security_zonename

EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. clientname. IPSEC. CONTROL
EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. clientname. IPSEC. DISPLAY
EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. sysname. IPSEC. DISPLAY
EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. tcpname. IPSEC. CONTROL
EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. tcpname. IPSEC. DISPLAY

• EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. tcpname. SYSTCPCN
• EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. tcpname. SYSTCPDA
• EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. tcpname. SYSTCPSM

EZB. NETMGMT. sysname. sysname. NSS. DISPLAY
    
```

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z/OS 1.10 SERVAUTH Profiles (3)

```

EZB. NSS. sysname. clientname. IPSEC. CERT
EZB. NSS. sysname. clientname. IPSEC. NETMGMT
EZB. NSS. sysname. clientname. XMLAPPLIANCE. SAFACCESS
EZB. NSSCERT. sysname. mapped_label_name. CERTAUTH
EZB. NSSCERT. sysname. mapped_label_name. HOST

• EZB. NETSTAT. sysname. tcpname. netstat_option

EZB. PAGENT. sysname. image. ptype

• EZB. PORTACCESS. sysname. tcpname. port_safname

EZB. SNMPAGENT. sysname. tcpname
    
```

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z/OS 1.10 SERVAUTH Profiles (4)

```

EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_DSTOPTS
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_HOPLIMIT
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_HOPOPTS
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_NEXTHOP
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_PKTINFO
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_RTHDR
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_RTHDRDSTOPTS
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. IPV6_TCLASS
• EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. SO_BROADCAST

• EZB. STACKACCESS. sysname. tcpname

EZB. TN3270. sysname. tcpname. PORTxxxxx
IRR. HOST. host-name
IST. NETMGMT. sysname. SNAMGMT
    
```

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Stack Access

```

EZB. STACKACCESS. sysname. tcpname
    
```

- Controls access to IP stack – open socket
 - Primarily outbound control
 - TCP/IP daemons – FTP, Web servers, etc...
 - FTP end-users (inbound and outbound)
 - Sample configurations
 1. UACC(READ) with AUDIT(ALL(READ))
 - Log all use
 2. UACC(NONE) with appropriate permits
 - Restrict use

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Network Access

```

EZB. NETACCESS. sysname. tcpname. security_zonename
    
```

- Inbound and/or outbound access control
 - Defined in TCP/IP NETACCESS statements
 - Inbound
 - Point Of Entry (POE) control like TERMINAL, etc...
 - Checked for Websphere, FTP, NFS, Distributed DB2...
 - Enables WHEN(SERVAUTH(profile_name))
 - SERVAUTH info logged for all generated SMF records
 - Outbound
 - Controls outbound traffic

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NETACCESS vs. Firewall

<p>SERVAUTH NETACCESS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✔ Controls IP access ✔ "Here" to target IP ✘ No port control ✔ UserID specific ♥ Does not replace Firewall 	<p>FIREWALL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✔ Controls IP access ✔ Source IP to target IP ✔ Source/target ports ✘ Any mainframe user ♥ Does not replace NETACCESS
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NETACCESS Statement

- Defines security zones for use in SERVAUTH

```
NETACCESS [ INBOUND ] [ OUTBOUND ]
  [ ip_in_cidr_notation   zonename ... ]
  [ DEFAULTHOME         zonename ]
  [ DEFAULT              zonename ]
ENDNETACCESS
```

- IP address is IPv4 or IPv6
- DEFAULTHOME – all IPs of this stack
- DEFAULT – any IP not defined above

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NETACCESS Sample (1)

```
NETACCESS INBOUND OUTBOUND
10. 0. 0. 0/8      INTERNAL
10. 1. 0. 0/16    ISI TENY1
10. 2. 0. 0/16    ISI TEFL2
172. 3. 0. 0/16   I SRVR1
172. 4. 0. 0/16   I SRVR2
192. 168. 1. 0/24 PODUNK
207. 25. 253. 24/32 I BMPUBS
DEFAULTHOME      LOCAL
DEFAULT          EXTNET
ENDNETACCESS
```

- Assumes 10.*, 172.0.* – 172.31.*, and 192.168.* are used internally in the sample network as standard non-routable (non-internet) IP addresses.

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NETACCESS Sample (2)

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETACCESS. **          UACC(NONE)
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. I *   UACC(NONE)
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. PODUNK UACC(NONE)
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. I BMPUBS UACC(READ)
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. LOCAL UACC(READ)
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. EXTNET UACC(NONE)

PE EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. I * CLASS(SERVAUTH)      +
  ID(*) ACCESS(READ)
PE EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. PODUNK CLASS(SERVAUTH)    +
  ID(PODFTPGP) ACCESS(READ)
PE EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. EXTNET CLASS(SERVAUTH)    +
  ID(WEBSESV EXTUSERS) ACCESS(READ)
PE * XMI T. DATASET ID(PODFTPGP) ACCESS(READ)      +
  WHEN(SERVAUTH(EZB. NETACCESS. *. *. PODUNK))
```

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NETACCESS Sample (3)

- Sample NETACCESS & RACF profiles
 - Internal IPs limited to defined (non-RESTRICTED) users
 - Only PODFTPGP users can talk to "PODUNK"
 - WEBSERV & EXTUSERS can use internet addresses
 - PODFTPGP gets read to DATASET only when entering from "PODUNK" IP range.

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NETACCESS vs. TERMINAL

- FTP daemon uses
 - NETACCESS for IPv6 only
 - NETACCESS or TERMINAL for IPv4
 - Set in FTP daemon configuration
 - TERMINAL uses 8 character hex for IP address
 - 172.1.42.1 becomes AC012A01
 - Can use generics for whole digit AC012A%%
 - Not as flexible as NETACCESS – 172.1.42.1/25
 - Covers 172.1.42.0 to 172.1.42.127

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Port Reservations

EZB. PORTACCESS. *sysname. tcpname. port_safname*

- Reserves ports for services by UserID
 - Non-SAF definitions based upon jobname
 - No violation logging
 - RESERVELOWPORTS (in TCPCONFIG and UDPCONFIG) protects low ports (1 to 1023) to privileged users if not specified in port reservation
 - SAF keyword turns reservation into SERVAUTH resource check.

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PORT /PORTRANGE Statement

```
PORT
  [port# type jobname [SAF safname] ... ]
PORTRANGE
  [1st #ports type jobname [SAF safname] ...]
```

- PORT defines one port at a time
- PORTRANGE defines range (like 2000-2099)
- type is TCP or UDP

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PORT /PORTRANGE Sample

```
PORT
21 TCP FTPD
80 TCP * SAF HTTPD
443 TCP * SAF HTTPD
  ■ Port 21 is reserved by jobname
  ■ Ports 80 & 443 are authorized by SERVAUTH
EZB.PORTACCESS.sysid.tcpname.HTTPD

RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. PORTACCESS. *. *. HTTPD UACC(NONE) +
AUDIT(FAILURES(READ))
PE EZB. PORTACCESS. *. *. HTTPD CLASS(SERVAUTH) +
ID(STCHTTPD) ACCESS(READ)
```

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NETSTAT Command

EZB. NETSTAT. *sysname. tcpname. netstat_option*

- Controls use of netstat command and its functions
 - Allows restriction or logging of functions
 - Assuming EZB.NETSTAT.** as profile
 - Restriction via UACC(NONE) + PERMIT
 - Logging via UACC(READ) with AUDIT(SUCCESS(READ))

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETSTAT. ** UACC(NONE)
PE EZB. NETSTAT. ** CLASS(SERVAUTH)
ID(SYSPROG NETPROG) ACCESS(READ)
```

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MODDVIPA Command

EZB. MODDVIPA. *sysname. tcpname*

- Controls use of MODDVIPA utility
 - Not intended for general user use
 - Changes VIPA (virtual IP adapter) configuration

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. MODDVIPA. ** UACC(NONE)
PE EZB. MODDVIPA. ** CLASS(SERVAUTH)
ID(SYSPROG NETPROG) ACCESS(READ)
```

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Network Management

EZB. NETMGMT. *sysname. tcpname. SYSTPCPN*
EZB. NETMGMT. *sysname. tcpname. SYSTCPDA*
EZB. NETMGMT. *sysname. tcpname. SYSTCPSM*

- Allows use of network management interfaces (TCP info, packet trace, SMF) for vendor products
 - Removes UID(0) need for some vendor products

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. NETMGMT. *. *. SYSTCP* UACC(NONE)
PE EZB. NETMGMT. *. *. SYSTCP* CLASS(SERVAUTH)
ID(IPMGMT) ACCESS(READ)
```

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FTP

```
EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. ACCESS. HFS  
EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. SITE. DEBUG  
EZB. FTP. sysname. ftpdaemonname. SITE. DUMP
```

- Controls FTP sensitive functions (SITE) and HFS access

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. FTP. *. *. ACCESS. HFS UACC(NONE)  
PE EZB. FTP. *. *. ACCESS. HFS CLASS(SERVAUTH) +  
ID(FTPHFS) ACCESS(READ)
```

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. FTP. *. *. SITE. * UACC(NONE)  
PE EZB. FTP. *. *. SITE. * CLASS(SERVAUTH) +  
ID(SYSPROG NETPROG) ACCESS(READ)
```

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Sock Options

```
EZB. SOCKOPT. sysname. tcpname. SO_BROADCAST
```

- Sock Options – SO_BROADCAST controls use of broadcast datagrams

```
RDEF SERVAUTH EZB. SOCKOPT. **. SO_BROADCAST UACC(NONE)
```

```
PE EZB. SOCKOPT. **. SO_BROADCAST CLASS(SERVAUTH) +  
ID(SOBRCAST) ACCESS(READ)
```

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Questions?

- Thanks for coming!

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