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# **TUTORIAL: PROTECTING EVERY PATH INTO YOUR SYSTEM WITH RACF**

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# AGENDA

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- I. INTRODUCTION
  
- II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs
  
- III. NETWORK PATHS
  
- IV. SUMMARY AND CALL TO ACTION

# I. INTRODUCTION

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- **When We Read About Embarrassing InfoSec Breaches, We Sometimes Wonder “**Why Did They Let That Happen?**”**
- **But How Do We Know That We’ve Secured Everything We Need To?**
- **Only By Systematically Reviewing**

# I. INTRODUCTION

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- Today We'll Address One Aspect of This Systematic Review: **Paths Into the System**
- Without Looking: How Many Paths Into Your z/OS System Can You Name Beyond TSO?

# I. INTRODUCTION

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## SOME THINGS TO KEEP IN MIND

- **Your Security Is Not Complete Unless RACF Controls EVERY Path In**
- **Also Unless the Administration Is Reliable (Not Addressed Here)**
- **We Need To Treat Each Path Separately**

# I. INTRODUCTION

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## SOME DATASET CONCEPTS APPLIED TO PATHS IN

- **ALWAYS-CALL** (Does RACF Always Get Control?)
- **PROTECTALL** (What Do We Do If RACF Has No Matching Rule?)

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- The **Internal Reader** (TSO SUBMIT Command) is the Part of JES That Processes JCL
- We Can Access It by TSO SUBMIT, by a DD card, by XBM (eXecution Batch Monitor), by FTP, by NJE, and by RJE

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **The Internal Reader is Part of JES.  
It Is the **Single Choke Point**  
Through Which All Batch Jobs  
Pass**
- **JES Always Calls RACF to Process  
RACF Userids for All Batch Jobs**
- **We Tell JES to Apply PROTECTALL  
with the BATCHALLRACF Switch**



## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **BATCHALLRACF** is a Switch (Set with SETR) That Tells JES to Fail Any Batch Job Without a Valid RACF Userid

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **Userids Are Inherited By Batch Jobs**
- **Another Way to Say This Is That JES **Propagates** Userids From Submitters Onto Batch Jobs**
- **SUBMIT a Batch Job Without a USER= and It Inherits Your TSO ID**

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **Suppose You Have All TSO Users Controlled by RACF, and All Started Tasks**
- **Then Almost All or All of Your Batch Jobs Will Have Userids (By Propagation From the Submitter If No Other Way)**

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **You Can Check the SMF Type 30 Records (Userid Field Not Equal Zeros) to Ensure That All Your Batch Jobs Run With RACF Userids**
- **There is No WARNING Option for BATCHALLRACF**

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **XBMALLRACF** is Similar to **BATCHALLRACF**, But Used With Joblets in the JES eXecution Batch Monitor
- Most Commercial Shops Don't Use XBMALLRACF (Ask Your JES Sysprog)
- If You Don't Use XBM, Should You XBMALLRACF?

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **SURROGAT** Is a Resource Class Used To Authorize One Userid to Submit Batch Jobs for a Different Userid Without Having to Provide the Password
- Why It Should Be Used With Your Job Scheduling Software (Otherwise All Your Production Batch Jobs Inherit the Same Userid and Look the Same to RACF)

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **PROPCNTL** is a Resource Class in RACF Used to Tell JES What Userids Not to Propagate
- Why Would You Want To Use It With CICS Region Userids?
- Why Might This Be Difficult?
- So What To Do?

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **Started Tasks** (Also Named Started Procedures, But Abbreviated STC) Have JCL Like Batch Jobs, But They Are Started By the Operator Command **START**



## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **The START Command Can Be Issued at the Console in the Computer Room**
- **Also From Within a Program, Within a Batch Job, Over NJE and RJE**
- **The OPERCMDS Resource Class Can Be Used to Control Who Can START**

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- **JCL for STCs and for Batch Jobs is Stored in Proclibs**
- **Do You Know the Names of All the Proclibs Where JCL is Stored?**
- **Do You Know Who Can Update Them? Whether Someone Would Notice?**

## II. JCL PATHS: BATCH AND STCs

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- Userids Are Always Checked for STCs, Using the **STARTED Resource Class** and The Assembler Module **ICHRIN03**
- See Them in the DSMON Started Procedures Report
- What Is The Effect of an Entry **\*\*** ?

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**While JES Handles Batch Work,  
VTAM Handles Net Work**

- **SNA** (IBM's System Network Architecture)
- **TCP/IP** (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol) and Other IP Protocols

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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## **SNA (IBM's System Network Architecture)**

**SNA Is Not Dead. You Use It to Log Onto TSO, CICS, etc. The SNA Messages **Are Tunneled Inside TCP, But It's Still SNA****

**SNA Is Not Dead. You Use It With Enterprise Extender (Cross Network Binds) **Tunneled In UDP****

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**SNA Concept: An **APPLID** (Application Identifier) is the VTAM Name for a Program with a Signon Screen**

**Each APPLID is a Path Into Your System**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**Which APPLIDs Have ALWAYS-CALL  
for Signons?**

**Which PROTECTALL?**

**What of TSO, CICS, DB2,  
OMEGAMON?**

**What of the APPLIDS Someone  
Installed and Never Told You  
About?**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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- **TSO and SYS1.UADS, the TSO Segment in RACF, the APPL Resource Class**
- **Which APPLIDs Wised Up After Not Originally Being ALWAYS-CALL?**
- **DB2 and TCPALVER**
- **How to Learn All the APPLIDs**



# III. NETWORK PATHS

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- **With Enterprise Extender, SNA is Tunneled Inside UDP Packets. You Might Use This to Connect Your SNA Network to a Business Partner's (Bank to CredCard Processor, for Example)**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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- **When VTAM Allowed Cross Network Connections Like Enterprise Extender, It Had to Loosen Some of Its Requirements**
- **(Like the One Preventing Any Connection to a Terminal or APPLID Not Pre-Defined to VTAM)**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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- **This Makes Cross Network SNA Connections Susceptible to Some of the Same Attacks That Affect TCP/IP (Man in the Middle, Spoofing, DOS)**
- **Who Is Responsible for Securing These Connections: VTAM Sysprog or RACF Admin or Someone Else?**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**A Variety of Tools Are Available to Tighten the Security Over Cross Network Connections:**

- **Options in the VTAM Configuration File**
- **RACF Resource Classes (VTAMAPPL, APPCLU)**
- **Software Such as the SNA Firewall from Net'Q.**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**The **IP** in TCP/IP Provides Routing,  
Getting the Message to the  
Computer It Needs to Reach**

**TCP Rides On Top of IP, Providing  
the Application Support Once the  
Message Reaches the Right  
Computer**

**Each Application is Assigned a Port  
Number to Identify It**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**Each Port is a Path Into Your System  
Which You Need to Control**

**You Can Block the Ports in the TCP/IP  
Control File: Use Keywords  
RESTRICTLOWPORTS, DENY,  
RESERVED, and SAF**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**Some Applications Can Make It Possible for People to Use Your Computer Without a RACF ID:**

- **FTP with Anonymous Login**
- **http with BPX.SERVER, BPX.DAEMON, SURROGAT**
- **rlogin, rexec, rsh (see the .rhosts file)**

**Sometimes You Want to Allow This (Customers Reading Your Ads)**

# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**Besides TCP, Other Protocols Ride  
On Top of IP:**

- **ICMP**
- **UDP**

**How to Manage Them**



# III. NETWORK PATHS

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**Who Is Responsible for Securing  
Each of These?**

**Is the Quality Assurance and Change  
Control As Good As What You Have  
for Production Batch Jobs?**

# IV. Summary and Call to Action

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**To Be Able to Demonstrate the Quality of Our Security, We Need to Address Every Path Systematically, Applying:**

- 1. The ALWAYS-CALL Concept**
- 2. The PROTECTALL Concept**
- 3. Quality of Administration  
(Passwords, Naming Standards,  
Responsibility and Authority,  
Focused Control of Open Paths)**

# IV. Summary and Call to Action

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- **If We Don't Stop to Consider, It's Easy to Think We're Protecting Everything Properly, and Still Be Missing Important Coverage.**

# IV. Summary and Call to Action

Path In	Always -Call?	Protect all?	Other Controls	Comments
Batch				
XBM				
STCs				
TSO				
CICS				
DB2				
Other SNA				
ftp				
rlogin				
telnet				
httpd				
...				

# IV. Summary and Call to Action

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## **Life Is Easier When Protection Is:**

- **Automatic**
- **Comprehensive**
- **Simple Enough to Explain on a Cocktail Napkin**

# IV. Summary and Call to Action

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**Thanks for Your Kind Attention**